

EMIR REFIT
Client Handbook

DRAFT



February 2024

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CONTACTS

Client Services and technical support		+34 91 709 5570 emir-support@rec	gis-tr.com
Account Setup Team		+34 91 709 5580 admin@regis-tr.co	<u>om</u>
New EMIR REFIT account requests		See ACCOUNT SETUP SERVICES	
Relationship Management		commercial@regi	s-tr.com
<u>www.regis-tr.com</u>		¥	in⊗
Calls may be recorded for monitoring and quality control purposes.			



DEFINITIONS

Action type	Report field defining the purpose of the derivative report. Examples: New, Error, Valuation, Revive.
Account code	Code used to identify the client's account. Examples: eudbpaa01000, eudbp1234000
Account roles	Permissions granted to a specific account in relation to its reporting model. It can be: Reporting Participant Third Party Internal Third Party External Non-reporting
AIF	Alternative Investment Fund.
AIFM	Alternative Investment Fund Manager.
ВАН	See Business Application Header.
Business Application Header	ISO 20022 message definition (head.001). Combined with another ISO 20022 message definition to form a business message.
Central Coordinator / Administrator	A person authorised by the client to: • Act as Point of Contact between REGIS-TR and the client • Perform user management functions such as account and user setup.
CFI	ISO 10962 Classification of Financial Instruments.
CLC	Client Code, a permitted type of identifier of the other counterparty.
Client	Reporting or Non-Reporting Entity that has a contractual relationship with REGIS-TR. Note: Referred to as Member in other Governing Documents.
Delegated entity	Entity authorized to report on behalf of another entity. It is identified as reporting counterparty or entity responsible in the derivative contracts submitted to REGIS-TR.
Delegating entity	Entity that voluntarily authorizes another entity to report on its behalf. It is identified as reporting counterparty or entity responsible in the derivative contracts submitted to REGISTR.
Delegation file	Notification of delegation agreement provided to REGIS-TR by an entity delegated to report on behalf of another.



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	The file is used by report submitting entities to create or amend delegation relationships. Note: Before considered valid, delegation relationships shall always be confirmed by delegating entities.
Derivative record	Refers to the data of an individual derivative contract as reported to the TR in a message file.
EEA	The European Economic Area that is relevant to EMIR consists of the EU Member States, Iceland, Liechtenstein, and Norway.
EMIR	European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EU) 648/2012.
Entity Responsible for the Report (ERR)	 Entity responsible for ensuring that the derivative report is submitted correctly. The entity may be: A Reporting Counterparty, or An entity under mandatory delegation to report on behalf of another: UCITS management company; AIFM; financial counterparty reporting on behalf of an NFC-counterparty.
Entity to TR	Describes reports/communications sent by the client to REGIS-TR.
ERR	See Entity Responsible for the Report.
Errored derivative	A derivative reported to the TR that has been reported with action type Error.
ESMA	European Securities Markets Authority.
Family group	 Term used to describe: A group comprising a parent company and any of its affiliates more than 50%-owned and under its direct or indirect control. Any structure comparable to a qualifying family group in its home country A management company or AIFM plus its UCITS or Alternative Investment Fund.
GLEIF	Global Legal Entity Identifier Foundation. Further information: https://www.gleif.org/en/about/this-is-gleif .
ID	Identifier.
Inbound	Describes reports/communications sent by the client to REGIS-TR.
ISIN	ISO 6166 International Securities Identification Number.
LEI	ISO 17442 Legal Entity Identifier. See also <i>GLEIF</i> .



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Legacy derivatives	Derivative contracts reported for the first time before 29 April 2024 and not fully upgraded to the REFIT standards.
NFC-	 A small non-financial counterparty is an entity that is below the clearing threshold, i.e. one which fulfils at least two of the following: Balance sheet total: below € 20 000 000 Net turnover: below € 40 000 000 Average number of employees during the financial year: 250 or below. Where an NFC- entity makes a derivative with a financial counterparty, the reporting responsibility for both sides lies with the financial counterparty.
Non-Reporting Entity	An entity that has a reporting obligation under EMIR but does not report on its own behalf.
Non- outstanding transaction	 A derivative reported to the TR that: Has matured Has been reported with action types: 'Terminate', or 'Position Component' and has not been revived with Action type 'Revive'.
Non-Reporting Entity	An entity that has a <u>reporting obligation</u> and/or responsibility under EMIR but does not report on its own behalf.
Outbound	Describes reports/communications sent by REGIS-TR to the client.
Outstanding derivative	 A derivative reported to the TR that: Has not matured. Has not been subject to an action type: 'Error', 'Terminate', or 'Position Component'. Has been revived with action type 'Revive'
RC	See Reporting Counterparty.
Read and Write user	Client user with permissions to: Report data to the TR Access data made generated by the TR Query reports Configure delegation permissions
Read-only user	 Client user with permissions to: Access data made generated by the TR Query reports Configure delegation permissions



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Reconciliation session	Period during the working day in which the reconciliation process takes place. Reconciliation session is
REGIS-TR working days	Refers to the days on which REGIS-TR is open for the reception of derivative reports. REGIS-TR is open following the TARGET2 calendar. Closing days are every: Saturday Sunday I January Good Friday Easter Monday I May 25 December December.
Reporting Counterparty (RC)	A derivative counterparty that has a reporting obligation under Article 9 of EMIR.
Reporting obligation	The legal obligation of a derivative counterparty to report its derivatives to a trade repository.
Reporting Entity	A client reporting its own side a derivative and/or the other counterparty's side.
Reporting responsibility	Legal responsibility under EMIR REFIT for the reporting of the derivatives.
Reporting session	Period during the working day in which the REGIS-TR system is open to receive derivative submissions from reporting firms.
Report Submitting Entity (RSE)	Any entity that reports derivatives on its own behalf or on behalf of another, for example: Reporting Counterparty Entity Responsible for the Report Third party service provider Vendor of derivative reporting solutions UCITs management company AIFM Financial counterparty to a transaction with a small non-financial counterparty.
TARGET2	Second major release of the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer System, for cash settlement between financial institutions in central bank money.



TR	See Trade Repository.
Third Party Entity	Entity that reports on behalf of other entities. Note: A Third Party Entity is not a counterparty to the reported derivative.
UCITS	Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities.
UTI	Unique Transaction ID.



FOREWORD

Getting started

For new clients

Thank you for choosing REGIS-TR to support your EMIR REFIT reporting obligation. The steps for onboarding, with the relevant chapters of this Handbook, are:

- 1. Select a primary means of connectivity: Connectivity options.
- 2. Select a (set of) account roles: Client accounts.
- 3. Open an account and define a Central Coordinator/ Administrator: Account setup services.
- 4. Create user profiles and login: <u>User access to the EMIR REFIT Dashboard</u>.
- 5. Get ready to submit reports: Transaction reporting.

REGIS-TR will provide you with access credentials for your testing in the UAT. For assistance, please do not hesitate to <u>Contact us</u>.

EMIR REFIT in brief

Disclaimer for REFIT in brief

The information in this section is included only to provide general background and context. While this information is provided according to REGIS-TR's understanding of the regulation, it should not be considered in isolation or as constituting a complete or definitive view on any specific matter. You should form your own definitive view by consulting your legal, financial and tax advisors. REGIS-TR does not accept any liability as a result or otherwise for any error or omission in this information, nor for any reliance placed upon it.

Introduction

The aim of EMIR is to reduce systemic risk by increasing the transparency of the financial markets. Under EMIR:

- 1. Derivative counterparties must report their transactions to a trade repository. These reports can be accessed by authorised supervisory and regulatory bodies.
- 2. Investment funds must provide detailed disclosure on their derivatives and total return swaps.

The regulation applies to:

- 1. Any derivative counterparty established in the EEA.
- 2. A management company for an EU Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS)
- 3. Foreign (non-EEA) AIFs authorised or registered under the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive 2011/61/EU (AIFMD).



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	Note: The reporting responsibility of OTC derivatives for UCITS and AIFs usually lies with the fund management company.	
Reporting obligations and responsibilities	its side of the transaction, including lifed trade repository. Exceptions: If the derivative is concluded reporting usually lies with the fund man counterparty is responsible for reporting. 3. A derivative counterparty may delegate third party. 4. Derivative reports must be submitted by conclusion, modification, or termination.	ally obliged and responsible for ensuring that cycle events, is reported to an authorised d by a UCITS or AIF, the responsibility for agement company, and a financial g on behalf of an NFC its reporting to the other counterparty or to a cyclose of business on the day following the
Derivative types to be reported	 Contracts for Difference (CFDs) Forward rate agreements Futures Forwards Options Spreadbets Swaps Swaptions Other types 	
Action types	 New Modification Error Correction (transaction) Position Component 	6. Revive7. Terminate8. Valuation9. Margin Update10. Correction (margin)
Data standards	Contractual Data must follow these data stand 1. Derivative reports must be submitted in 2. Derivative reports must contain the data 3. Derivatives data (trades and positions) in Identifier (UTI).	ISO20022 format.



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	Note: Lifecycle events submitted over legacy derivatives, i.e., reported for the first
	time before 29.04.2024, may be identified by a Trade ID.
	4. The reporting counterparty must be identified by a Legal Entity Identifier (LEI). The
	other counterparty can be identified by either an LEI or a code for natural persons.
	5. Products must be identified with CFI codes, and with UPI and ISIN codes as
	applicable.
	6. The relevant ISO standards must be used to identify several data elements including:
	Currency
	Country
	Date and time
	• LEI
	• ISIN
	• CFI
	• MIC
	EIC Codes
	Unique Product Identifier (UPI)
Data quality	Counterparties must upgrade the latest state of all their outstanding derivative contracts
upgrade	within the first 180 days after REFIT go-live.
	Codes for natural persons identified in field Counterparty 2 shall also be upgraded to the
	new standards. Important : Counterparties must contact REGIS-TR to request an upgrade
	on their non-LEI identifiers.
Reporting start date	29 April 2024



ABOUT REGIS-TR

Introduction	REGIS-TR is a European trade repository for the reporting of trades and transactions across multiple product classes and jurisdictions. We offer a consolidated service that simplifies regulatory reporting obligations by delivering the full range of major European trade repository services through a single agency. We are authorised to provide trade repository services by the: • European Markets and Securities Authority (ESMA), and • Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA).
Trade Repository services	Along with our sister company, REGIS-TR UK LTD in London, we are one of Europe's largest trade repository groups for EMIR, with over 1,500 client accounts and a weekly average of more than 35 million new trade reports, and offering the following reporting services: 1. OTC and exchange-traded derivatives (EMIR, UK EMIR, FinfraG) 2. Securities financing transactions (SFTR).
Regulatory registrations	REGIS-TR was registered as a trade repository on 14 November 2013 by the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) under Regulation (EU) 648/2012 of 4 July 2012 (EMIR). On 1 April 2017, REGIS-TR was the first trade repository to be recognised by the Swiss regulator FINMA as a foreign TR for reporting under FinfraG. ESMA registered REGIS-TR as a trade repository under Regulation (EU) 2015/2365 (SFTR) on 7 May 2020.



Company structure

REGIS-TR			
Legal name	REGIS-TR société anonyme		
Head office	15 rue Léon Laval, L – 3372 Leudelange		
LEI	222100LDG5RSWCCPU755		
VAT ID	LU 24646726		
RCS Luxembourg	B 157.650		
Registered in	Grand Duchy of Luxembourg		
Established	9 December 2010		
Business activity			
Type of business	Trade repository		
International presence	32 countries		



INTRODUCTION TO EMIR REFIT SERVICES

Derivative	REGIS-TR accepts derivative reports for all classes under the regulation, as below:
classes	• Commodity
	Credit
	Currency
	• Equity
	Interest Rate
	All other miscellaneous derivative classes not included above
Contract types	We accept all derivative contract types, as below:
	Contracts for Difference (CFDs)
	Forward rate agreements
	• Futures
	• Forwards
	• Options
	Spreadbets
	• Swaps
	• Swaptions
	Other types
Action types	We accept all derivative action types/lifecycle events, as below:
	• New
	Modification
	• Error
	Terminate
	Position Component
	Correction (trade and margin)
	Valuation
	Revive
	Margin update
Direct and	Direct reporting: The counterparty reports its side of the transaction on its own
delegated	behalf.
reporting	2. Delegated reporting: The counterparty delegates the reporting of its side of the
	transaction to:
	the other counterparty to the transaction
	 a third party that belongs to the counterparty's family group, or
	 a third party that does not belong to the counterparty's family group.
	s am a party made account to the counterparty of turning group.



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	3. Mandatory do	elegation: A UCITS management company, AIFM or financial
	counterparty i	reports on behalf of a UCITS, AIFM or NFC-, respectively.
	Further information	on: see <u>Delegation</u> .
Interoperability	We have set up a series of partnerships with third party providers offering end-to-end	
	reporting solutions,	, data enrichment, pre-reconciliation and other services designed to
	ease the reporting	workload for EMIR REFIT. For full details, please see our <u>website</u> .
Account	1. All REGIS-TR c	lients with an EMIR REFIT <u>reporting obligation</u> may open an account,
permissions	regardless of	whether they report directly or delegate to another party.
	2. Clients request account setup services from REGIS-TR.	
	3. Clients configu	ure their reporting model and permissions through their account
	roles. An acco	unt may have multiple roles. This is a brief summary:
	Account permission	Description
	Reporting	For clients that report transactions to which they are a
	Participant	counterparty.
		The client may report its own side of the transaction and/or the
		other counterparty's side.
	Non-Reporting	For clients that delegate their reporting to the other counterparty
		or to a third party.
		• The permission provides read-only access to the transaction data
		reported on the client's behalf.
	Third Party Internal	For clients to report transactions on behalf of entities in its family
	Internal	group.
		The Third Party is not a counterparty to the reported
		transactions.
	Third Party External	• For clients to report transactions on behalf of entities outside its
	External	family group.
		The Third Party is not a counterparty to the reported
		transactions.
	Further information: see <u>Client Accounts</u> .	
Validation	1. REGIS-TR perf	forms the following validations:
	Sender aut	thentication
	• File size	



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	System availability (see below)
	File name convention
	Schema validation
	Permission validation
	Logical validation
	 Business validation (correctness and completeness of data).
	2. To enable clients to track the progress of their submissions, we return a validation
	report covering each reported derivative, which is sent within one hour of the
	client's derivative submission. If any derivative is rejected, the report provides all the
	reasons.
	3. Immediate rejection feedback messages are sent to the Report Submitting Entity on
	the communication channel used to submit the.
	Further information: see <u>Validation</u> .
Reporting to	We provide a series of reports detailing reporting activity and transaction states
clients	among others.
	Several connectivity options are available.
	Further information: see <u>Connectivity options</u> and <u>Reporting to clients</u> .
EMIR REFIT	This is a secure web user interface designed to simplify the management of client
Dashboard	derivative reporting. It enables clients to upload and track derivative submissions, view,
	query and export reports and access support manuals and other documentation.
Connectivity	REGIS-TR provides one manual and three automated options for:
options	The submission of derivatives and updates, and
	The reception of Immediate rejection feedback messages, reports, and other
	communications from REGIS-TR.
	Manual file upload/download
	Clients needing to report only a small number of derivatives may find it more
	efficient to submit reports via secure internet access in their EMIR REFIT Dashboard.
	Note: This method can also be used as a contingency measure.
	Clients have access to all reports and communications from REGIS-TR via their EMIR
	REFIT Dashboard, regardless of the method chosen for the upload of the
	derivatives.
	Automated file transfer via:
	API REST Web service,



EMIR REFIT CI	ient Handbook (Draft)		REGIS-TR a SIX company
	Secure File Transfer Protoco	ol (SFTP) or,	
	EMIR REFIT Dashboard		
	Further information: see Conne	ectivity options.	
Production and	Production and REGIS-TR offers two separate environments for entities reporting under EMIR		ing under EMIR REFIT.
testing environments	Production account holders have	automatic access to all two e	nvironments.
	Production environment		
	Upload of derivative reports	5	
	Real-time processing of der	ivative reports	
	Production: live reporting e	nvironment.	
	Note : Further details on this er	nvironment will be provided a	t a later stage.
	UAT environment		
	https://emir-pppd.np.regis-tr.com	<u>m</u>	
	Test environment used by clients to assess new functionalities in the period before		
	these are implemented in the Production environment.		
	Also open free of charge to	prospective clients wishing to	test REGIS-TR solutions
	without commitment.		
	Technical assistance is avail		
	Note: During the EMIR REFIT imp	olementation phase, standard	EMIR UAT and EMIR REFIT
	UAT environments will coexist.		
System	Note: All times UTC	Production	UAT
availability	Processing days	REGIS-TR working days	REGIS-TR working days
	Inbound reporting open	TBC	01:00:00 to 17:00:00 (*)
	Inbound reporting closed	ТВС	17:00:00 to 01:00:00
	EMIR REFIT Dashboard availability: 24/24h all days except for scheduled maintenance		
	(may occur only during weekends in the Production environment).		
	* UAT opening hours will be exte	nded in the months prior to R	REFIT go-live.
Client Services	Our Client Services support team provides technical support to users of our		
	Production and UAT environments.		
	Please note that the team is not simply a generic helpdesk but an expert service		
	offering in-depth knowledge of the regulatory reporting environment and the		
	management of technical so	olutions.	

Languages spoken: English, Spanish.



	Response time: Maximum one working day/Average response time 3 hours. Availability: All REGIS-TR working days. Hours: 08:00 - 18:30 CET. Contact details: see Contacts.
Relationship Management team	REGIS-TR has a team of Relationship Managers in various European locations. Each of these holds regular User Groups to provide news, present product developments and enhancements and discuss industry developments.
	The team can be contacted directly for advice and support on all areas of our business, including:
	on-boarding procedures transaction reporting regulation
	transaction reporting regulationtest environment
	fee schedules, and
	documentation.
	Languages spoken: English, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Czech, Slovak, Bosnian. Availability: All REGIS-TR working days.
	Hours: 08:30 - 18:30 CET.
	Contact details: see Contacts.
Training for clients	We run EMIR REFIT trainings, webinars and hold regular User Groups and workshops. Please see our website or follow us on LinkedIn and Twitter for details and updates.
Infrastructure	REGIS-TR offers a robust, high-capacity technical infrastructure with a range of secure connectivity methods and message formats to enable clients to streamline their reporting.
	Our platform supports distributed processing and is optimised for the continuous throughout of a substantial array of data division and hard extinuous.
	 throughput of a substantial amount of data during each reporting session. Our multi-channel reporting framework supports parallel real-time processing through each reporting channel.
Service Levels/SLAs	 These are defined in our General Terms and Conditions, and cover areas such as response times for technical support, availability and content of reports and feedback to clients. Clients with specific service level requirements are invited to contact their Relationship Manager.



Fees and pricing structure

- REGIS-TR operates an open and transparent pricing policy in accordance with FRAND pricing principles. We aim to be fair, reasonable, and non-discriminatory, adhering to the regulatory requirements governing the pricing of trade repository services.
- We provide our clients with a clear, straightforward fee schedule containing all the
 information required to estimate actual monthly costs. Our fees are cost-related
 and reflect the clients' actual system usage. We regularly review our pricing
 structure to ensure our fees remain competitive and cost-effective.



CLIENT ACCOUNTS

This section applies to:	Entities that report to REGIS-TR, whether they report directly, delegate their reporting to another entity or report on behalf of other entities.
This section covers:	 Introduction Reporting Participant permission Non-Reporting Entity permission Third Party Internal permission Third Party External permission

Introduction

Purpose of	REGIS-TR accounts are for the use of:
accounts	Entities that submit reports on their own behalf.
	Entities that submit reports on behalf of another entity.
	Counterparties with no <u>reporting obligation</u> that submit reports on behalf of their
	other counterparty.
	Entities under mandatory delegation that submit reports on behalf of a UCITS, AIF or
	NFC
	Entities that delegate their reporting to another entity but require detailed access to
	the reports submitted on their behalf.
	Entities may report own and delegated derivatives through the same account after correctly
	assigning the required permissions.
Account	Account permissions are verified on receipt of any lifecycle event. If the account does not
permission validations	hold the correct permissions, the derivative report is rejected.
Accounts for	An entity that intends to delegate its reporting to another entity may open an account with
delegating	non-reporting permissions to directly access to the data submitted on their behalf, and to
entities	view the associated REGIS-TR reports.
Environments	REGIS-TR provides two online environments:
	a. Production: live reporting
	b. UAT: testing of new features and functionalities. Note: The UAT is also open to
	entities that are not REGIS-TR clients.
	2. REGIS-TR clients with an account in the Production environment may request the
	same account type and identifier in the UAT environment.
	3. Prospective clients with access to our UAT environment do not have access to the
	Production environment.



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Direct and delegated reporting	 Direct reporting: The counterparty reports its side of the transaction on its own behalf. Delegated reporting: The counterparty delegates the reporting of its side of the transaction to: the other counterparty to the transaction a third party that belongs to the counterparty's family group, or a third party that does not belong to the counterparty's family group. Mandatory delegation: A UCITS management company, AIFM or financial counterparty reports on behalf of a UCITS, AIFM or NFC-, respectively.
Delegation control	 This is a validation performed when REGIS-TR detects that the entity that submitted the derivative report is neither the Entity Responsible for the Report nor the Reporting Counterparty. The control is designed to ensure that the report-submitting entity is duly authorised to report the derivative. Further information: see Delegation control.
Account codes	 Account codes are allocated by the REGIS-TR. The account code structure is: four letters denoting jurisdiction and regulation (eudb) + a letter denoting environment (m for UAT, p for Production) + seven alphanumeric characters Example: eudbpaa01000. The account types are unique, but may hold the following permission types: Reporting Participant Third Party Internal Third Party External Non-Reporting
Account application, setup and management	 REGIS-TR clients are required to follow the onboarding process for initial account setup. Once onboarding is complete, clients have the option to conduct their own secure account management. This allows clients to add new, modify or cancel accounts and add, remove or modify the permissions for individual users. Further information on the new Master Entity Data platform will be provided before REFIT go-live.
Reporting to the client	 REGIS-TR sends the client's activity and other reports to the accounts of: The Report Submitting Entity The Reporting Counterparty The Entity Responsible for the Report



Other authorized entities
 Note: The Report Submitting Entity may also be the Reporting Counterparty or Entity
 Responsible for the Report, or both. Further information: See <u>Definitions</u>.

- 2. All reports to the client are sent via the client's chosen connectivity channel. The same reports are also available on the client's secure EMIR Dashboard.
- While the Report Submitting Entity will always have an account, a Reporting
 Counterparty or Entity Responsible for the Report may not. Reports can be sent to
 account holders only.

Further information: See Reporting to Clients.

Central Coordinator / Administrator

All clients need to define and authorise at least one Central Coordinator or Administrator user. This person:

- Acts as main Point of Contact for communications with REGIS-TR, and
- Is responsible for the setup and management of client accounts, user profiles and REGIS-TR's reports to the client.

Reporting Participant permissions

These permissions are for:

A Reporting Counterparty that:

- Reports its own side of a transaction and/or the other counterparty's side directly to the TR, and/or
- Delegates its reports to another Reporting Participant or a Third Party.

Note: Clients that delegate all their reporting may opt for Non-Reporting permissions. This provides read-only access to derivatives submitted to REGIS-TR and reports received from REGIS-TR.

Account permissions

1. Report

- Own side of the derivative, including lifecycle events (also when the NEWT was reported under delegation by another client).
- Other counterparty's side, if delegated.

2. View

- Derivatives submitted by the account holder on its own behalf
- Derivatives submitted by the account holder on behalf of its other counterparty, if the delegation remains in place
- Derivatives submitted on the account holder's behalf by its other counterparty or a third party.
- Reports from REGIS-TR on derivatives submitted by or on behalf of the account holder.



• Statistical information on derivatives submitted by or on behalf of the account holder.

Non-Reporting Entity permissions

These permissions are for:	 A Reporting Counterparty or Entity Responsible for the Report that: Delegates in full its report submissions, and Requires oversight of the transactions reported on its behalf.
Account permissions	 This account provides read access to: Transactions to which the account holder is a Reporting Counterparty and/or ERR that were reported by the other counterparty or a third party Feedback, reports and other communications from REGIS-TR. Statistical information on derivatives submitted by or on behalf of the account holder

Third Party Internal permissions

These permissions are for:	An entity that is not a counterparty to the derivative but is a member of the Family Group of the counterparty, and: • Has been delegated to report on behalf of Reporting Counterparties, and/or • Has a reporting responsibility under mandatory delegation for another entity. Examples: UCITS Management Company, AIFM.
Account	1. Report
permissions	The delegating entity's side of the derivative, including lifecycle events
	The delegating entity's other counterparty's side.
	2. View
	Derivatives submitted by the account holder on behalf of the delegating entity, if
	the other counterparty does not have a REGIS-TR account.
	Reports from REGIS-TR on derivatives submitted by the account holder.
	Notes:
	Permissions apply only where the applicable delegation remains in place.
	Submissions and REGIS-TR reports are made available to the Reporting
	Counterparties and Entities Responsible for the Report if they have REGIS-TR
	accounts.
	Statistical information on derivatives submitted by or on behalf of the account holder



Third Party External permissions

These permissions are for:	An entity that is neither a counterparty nor a member of the Family Group of the counterparty.
Account permissions	See the Account permissions of the Third Party Internal above.



DELEGATION

Introduction

This section applies to:	 Entities that delegate their reporting. Counterparties to a derivative that have been delegated to report on behalf of their other counterparty. Third parties delegated to report on behalf of another entity, including: UCITS management companies and AIFMs. Financial counterparties (FCs), where a derivative is concluded with a small non-financial counterparty (NFC-).
Background	 Delegation describes a situation where one party reports on another's behalf. Delegation may be: a. A voluntary agreement between parties, or b. Mandatory under EMIR regulation. Voluntary delegation The delegation is notified to REGIS-TR in a delegation file or online form submitted by the delegated entity. The delegation is confirmed by the delegating entity This file is verified on receipt of any lifecycle event to ensure the delegation is active. If the delegation is not in place, is invalid or is not confirmed by the delegating entity, the derivative report is rejected. Mandatory delegation No delegation control file is required.
This section covers:	 Note on reporting under delegation Delegation rules Account requirements Delegation control

Note on reporting under delegation

RSE re	ports	Where a Report Submitting Entity is reporting for both counterparties of a derivative, each
	ides of a	counterparty side must be submitted as a separate report.
deriva	tive	



Delegation rules

Voluntary delegation	Delegation is voluntary where the Entity Responsible for the Report or Reporting Counterparty chooses to delegate its reporting to its other counterparty or to a third party. Note: In this case, reporting is subject to delegation control, also referred as permission validations.
Mandatory delegation	 Delegation is mandatory in the following cases for OTC derivatives: If the Reporting Counterparty is a UCITS, the UCITS' management company is the Entity Responsible for the Report. If the Reporting Counterparty is an AIF, its AIFM is the Entity Responsible for the Report. If the derivative is concluded between an FC and an NFC-, the FC is the Entity Responsible for the Report. Rule: In these cases, reporting is not subject to delegation control. Note: For OTC derivatives not subject to mandatory delegation, the Entity Responsible for the Report is the Reporting Counterparty.
Account permissions	An entity with an account holding Reporting Participant, Third Party Internal or Third Party external permissions may report on behalf of its other counterparty or counterparties. Rule: If the delegation is voluntary, the reporting is subject to delegation control.

Account requirements

Report Submitting Entity	An entity reporting on behalf of another must hold an account with at least one of the following permission types: Reporting Participant Third Party Internal Third Party External
Financial Counterparty reporting under mandatory delegation	An FC with a Reporting Participant permissioned account may report OTC derivatives directly on behalf of its NFC- counterparty or delegate to a third party. Reminder: The two sides of the transaction must be submitted as separate reports.
UCITS management companies and AIFMs	 UCITS management companies and AIFMs are required to have in place Third Party Internal permissions if they intend to report OTC derivatives on behalf of their fund. If reporting for the fund is delegated to a third party, the fund management company may hold a Third Party Internal or Non-Reporting Entity permissions to view the submitted OTC derivatives and REGIS-TR reports.



3. A third party delegated by an AIFM or UCITS management company requires Third Party permissions.

Delegation control

	Delegation control
Purpose	To ensure that the Report Submitting Entity is authorised to submit derivatives on behalf of the Reporting Counterparty.
Delegation control validation process	 REGIS-TR performs delegation control on a submitted lifecycle events when the Report Submitting Entity is neither the Reporting Counterparty nor the Entity Responsible for the Report. Exception: There is no delegation control for when the Report Submitting Entity is the Reporting Counterparty but not the Entity Responsible for the Report. When voluntary delegated reporting is detected, REGIS-TR verifies that the Report Submitting Entity has an active delegation authorisation in place for reporting on behalf of the Entity Responsible for the Report. If the delegation authorisation is valid, the derivative record passes the permission validation. If the delegation authorisation is missing, has expired or has not been confirmed by the delegated reporting and is rejected.
Delegation authorisation notification	Delegated entities may notify their delegation authorisations in three different ways: 1. Filling in an online form in the EMIR Dashboard 2. Uploading delegation file from EMIR Dashboard 3. Submitting delegation file through other connectivity channel (API Rest, SFTP) Following the successful validation of the notification, delegating LEIs receive a delegation confirmation request. Note: Delegation authorisation set up is only concluded after successful confirmation.
Delegation authorisation confirmation	Delegating entities must confirm the delegation before it is applicable. After delegated entities have successfully notified REGIS-TR of a new relationship, delegating entities may take the following steps to confirm the delegation and enable the reporting on their behalf: 1. If as delegating entity you hold an active account, REGIS-TR will notify you of anew delegation relationship request via the EMIR Dashboard and automated email. Then: a. Access <i>EMIR Dashboard > My settings > Permissions > LEIs reporting on my behalf</i> b. Verify list of authorised entities and Accept or Reject new relationship



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 2. If as delegating entity you are not customer of REGIS-TR, we will notify you by using the details provided by the delegated entity in their request. Then: a. Open automated email sent by REGIS-TR and click on the link b. Verify delegation details and Accept or Reject new relationship
 Access My settings > Permissions > Reporting on behalf of other LEIs on your EMIR Dashboard and enter: Enter the LEIs of the delegating entities on whose behalf you will be reporting. Enter a start date for the delegation. Note: Foresee some time for delegating entity to confirm the relationship before it comes into effect. Enter Delegating contact email that must receive the delegation confirmation request Save permission
Access My settings > Permissions > Reporting on behalf of other LEIs > Delegation files on your EMIR Dashboard: 1. Find and open the delegation file. 2. Upload or drag and drop the file. 3. REGIS-TR validates your file and returns a Delegation File Validation Feedback. If the file is accepted, the delegation authorisation will trigger a confirmation request to the delegating entity before delegation comes into effect on the specified start date.
 Upload CSV delegation file using your preferred connectivity channel, including SFTP or API REST. REGIS-TR validates your file and returns a <u>Delegation File Validation Feedback</u>. If the file is accepted, the delegation authorisation will trigger a confirmation request to the delegating entity before delegation comes into effect on the specified start date.
Updates to the delegation control may be done using a CSV file. The first five rows are header information: 1. Sender, specify your LEI 2. Receiver, specify RGTRESMMXXX 3. Report generation timestamp in UTC, i.e. YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ 4. Report type, specify SDLG 5. Column headings, specify DELEGATING-ENTITY-LEI;DELEGATION-STATUS;EFFECTIVE-DATE;DELEGATING-CONTACT-EMAIL This is immediately followed by one or more body records in four columns using semicolon (;) as the column separator:



	Cal	Field	Format	a SIX company
	Col.	Field	Format	Comment
	1	DELEGATING-ENTITY-LEI	20 alphanumeric	LEI of the Entity Responsible for
			characters	the Report
	2	DELEGATION-STATUS	Values ACTI / INAC	Status of the delegation: Active
				(ACTI) or inactive (INAC)
	3	EFFECTIVE-DATE	YYYY-MM-DD	Start date of the delegation
	4	DELEGATING-CONTACT-	Email address	Contact email at the delegating
		EMAIL		entity to confirm authorisation.
How to amend	1.	To modify a delegation auth	orisation, submit an u	pdated delegation file.
or cancel	2.	To cancel all delegation auth	orisations, submit a d	lelegation file with delegation status
delegation authorisation		INAC and confirm when requ	uested.	
	Notes:			
		A new file will not overwrite	. , , ,	3
	•			effect until the delegating entity
		has confirmed the authorisa		
		Delegation files for amendm		must include updated start dates.
			ierres or carreemations	mast melade apadrea start dates.
How to view delegations		gating entities:		- Normaliania and AFT- and addition on the
	1.	behalf.	and select My settings	s > Permissions > LEIs reporting on my
	2.	View a list of your delegated	reporting entities by:	
		Authorised entity name:	Name of the authorise	ed entity as per GLEIF database
		Authorised entity LEI: Ide	ntifier of the delegate	ed entity
		• Status: Pending confirma	tion, Confirmed, Activ	e, Rejected or Cancelled
		Authoriser email address	s: the email address i	nformed by the delegated entity as
		approver for the delegati		
	3.	Take actions on your list of d		
				nip in status 'Pending confirmation'.
		Note : in case of rejection entity.	n, you may indicate t	he reason and notify the delegated
		 Cancelling an active delegation 	gation relationship	
				tionship in status 'Rejected'
	Deleg	gated entities:	-	



- 1. Go to your EMIR Dashboard and select *My settings > Permissions > Reporting on behalf of other LEIs*.
- 2. View a list of your delegated reporting entities by:
 - Authoriser entity name: Name of the delegating entity as per GLEIF database
 - Authoriser entity LEI: Identifier of the delegating entity
 - Status: Pending confirmation, Confirmed, Active, Rejected or Cancelled
 - Authoriser email address: the email address responsible to confirm the delegation
- 3. Search for the files by LEIs, status date range and company name.
- 4. The results can be viewed and/or exported.
- 5. Take actions on your list of delegated reporting entities by:
 - Modifying the details of a delegation relationship
 - Send a reminder to the delegating entity to confirm the authorisation. **Note**: the number of reminders sent per day are limited.
 - Cancel the delegation
 - Reactivate an cancelled delegation



TRANSACTION REPORTING

This section	1. Report tables
covers:	2. Action types
	3. Permissible Action Types
	4. ISO 20022 message specifications/MyStandards
	5. Message types
	6. File structure and submission.

Report tables types

Table 1	Counterparty data	Derivatives Trade Report auth.030
Table 2	Common data	Derivatives Trade Report auth.030
Table 3	Margin data	Derivatives Trade Margin Data report, auth.108

Action types

Introduction	This section sets out the Action types and the typical purposes of the transactions.

Action type		Used for
New	NEWT	Identify a report of a derivative, at a trade or position level, for the first time
Modification	MODI	 Modification to the terms or details of a previously reported derivative, at a trade or position level, but not a correction of a report Upgrade a legacy derivative, reported for the first time before 29.04.24, to the REFIT standards Note: Do not use this action type for: Errors or mistakes in previous reports (use CORR) Early termination that are applicable on the submission date of the report (use TERM) Valuation update (use VALU) Revive an expired or terminated derivative (use REVI)
Correction	CORR	Corrects an error or mistake on a previously reported derivative. Note : Do not submit a Correction message if reporting a contractual amendment agreed between the parties (use MODI)



Action type		Used for
Revive	REVI	 Reopen an expired derivative, at trade or position level Reopen a derivative that was early terminated by mistake Reopen a derivative that was errored by mistake Change a derivative that was errored by mistake to a non-outstanding state
Position Component	POSC	Report of a new derivative that is terminated and included in a separate position report on the same day.
Termination	TERM	Terminates an existing derivative, at a trade or position level, on a date prior to the contracted end date.
Valuation	VALU	An update of a valuation of a derivative, at a trade or position level.
Error	EROR	Cancels a wrongly submitted entire report in case the derivative, at a trade or position level, never came into existence or was not subject to EMIR REFIT reporting requirements but was reported to a TR by mistake, or a cancellation of duplicate report.
Margin Update (Margin)	MARU	An update of data related to margins (collateral).
Correction (Margin)	CORR	A report correcting the erroneous data fields of a previously submitted report of margins (collateral)

Permissible sequence of Action Types

Diagrams	These diagrams show which Action Types can be used in
	1. Transaction reports at trade and position level and
	2. Margin Data reports



Action Types in Transaction and margin reports

		Subsequent Action type Valid / Invalid									
		NEWT	MODI	CORR	VALU	CORR (margin)	MARU	TERM	POSC	EROR	REVI
Previous Action type	NEWT	Х	√	✓	✓	Х	✓	✓	Х	✓	Х
	MODI	Х	✓	✓	✓	Х	✓	✓	Х	✓	Х
	CORR	Х	✓	✓	√	Х	✓	✓	Х	√	Х
	VALU	Х	√	√	√	X	√	✓	Х	✓	Х
	MARU	Х	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	Х	✓	Х
	TERM	Х	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	Х	Х	✓	✓
	POSC	Х	✓	✓	✓	X	✓	X	Х	✓	✓
	EROR	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	Х	X	✓
	REVI	Х	✓	✓	✓	Х	✓	✓	Х	✓	Х

Note: Consider that:

- Reports with action type TERM cannot be submitted over errored or non-outstanding contracts
- Reports with action type MARU are not valid if refers to a portfolio that does not have derivative contracts previously associated.

ISO 20022 message specifications/MyStandards

Introduction	The generic ISO 20022 specifications of the messages supported by REGIS-TR are available: on the ISO 20022 website at www.iso20022.org , and in the ISO 20022 Message Catalogue section in the MyStandards website
About MyStandards	MyStandards is a collaborative web platform developed by SWIFT to better manage global standards and related market practice. Link: https://mystandards.swift.com/
How to find the EMIR REFIT usage guidelines	Log into MyStandards 1. Select <i>Groups</i> . 2. Select the <i>ESMA</i> group.



	 Under Usage Guidelines, select EMIR Refit - Incoming Messages for the communication "Entity to TR" Under Usage Guidelines, select EMIR Refit - Outgoing Messages for the communication "TR to entities" Select an ISO 20022 message usage guideline for viewing. Export of the schemas in XML, PDF or Excel formats, if required.
ISO 20022 schemas	The full XSD schemas are available on the ISO 20022 website: http://www.iso20022.org . Schemas for EMIR REFIT usage are also available on ESMA's website: https://www.esma.europa.eu/data-reporting/emir-reporting

Message types

Report Submitting Entity to TR

Derivatives Trade Report	auth.030	Transaction report
Derivatives Trade Margin Data Report	auth.108	Margin data report

Note: For delegation file input and output specifications, see <u>Delegation control</u>.

REGIS-TR to entities

Message name (all one word)				Scope
Derivatives Trade Report	auth.030 TAR	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	By 06:00 UTC on day D where D =RD+1	Summary of all accepted trade reports on a given session Trade Activity Report.
Derivatives Trade Margin Data Report	auth.108 MAR	RSE, ERR, RC, Third Parties	By 06:00 UTC on day D where D =RD+1	Summary of all accepted trade reports on a given session Margin Activity Report.
Derivatives Trade Rejection	auth.092 RJC	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	By 06:00 UTC on day D where D =RD+1	Summary of all rejected trade and margin reports on a given session End of Day Rejection Report.



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Message name (all one word)				
Derivatives Trade State Report	auth.107 TSR	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	By 06:00 UTC on day D where D = RD+1 D >= ED+2	Latest state of the outstanding derivatives reported up to the end of a given session (RD) with event date up to two days earlier (ED) Trade State Report
Derivatives Trade Margin Data Transaction State Report	auth.109 MSR	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	By 06:00 UTC on day D where D = RD+1 D >= ED+2	Latest state of the margins associated to outstanding derivatives reported up to the end of a given session with event date up to two days earlier Margin State Report
Derivatives Trade Rejection Statistical Report	auth.092 RJC	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	60 min following file submission	Immediate validation outcome, including all accepted and rejected trade or margin submitted on a given report Immediate rejection feedback
Derivatives Trade Reconciliation Statistical Report	auth.091 REC	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	By 01:00 UTC on day D where D = RS + 1 D >= RD+2 D >= ED+3	Immediate reconciliation outcome, including only derivatives submitted to reconciliation on the given session
Derivatives Trade Reconciliation Statistical Report	auth.091 REC	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	By 06:00 UTC on day D where D = RS + 1 D >= RD+2 D >= ED+3	End of day reconciliation outcome, including all derivatives eligible for reconciliation
Derivatives Trade Warnings Report	auth.106 WRN	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	By 06:00 UTC on day D where D = RD + 1 D >= ED+2	Missing valuation Summary of derivatives for which valuation was never reported or did not receive valuation updates in the previous 14 days
	auth.106 WRN	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	By 06:00 UTC on day D where D = RD + 1 D >= ED+2	Missing valuation Summary of derivatives for which collateral was never reported or did not receive margin updates in the previous 14 days



auth.106 WRN	RSE, ERR, RC, authorised parties	By 06:00 UTC on day D where D = RD + 1	Outliers Lifecycle events reported with notional values above a predetermined threshold considered abnormal

Note:

- D refers to report generation date
- RD refers to Reporting Date, being the date in which the record was submitted to the REGIS-TR
- ED refers to regulatory field Event Date
- RS refers to Reconciliation Session

File structure and submission

Format	All regulatory EMIR REFIT inbound and outbound files are formatted in ISO 20022 XML.			
File structure	Files are exchanged with REGIS-TR in files containing: a. One XML prologue, followed by b. one Business Data Header (head.003.001.01) wrapper c. one Business Application Header (BAH) (head.001.001.01), followed by d. one payload message of the types described in the previous section, above Note: The files are not compressed using ZIP or other algorithms.			
Maximum file sizes	These depend on the connectivity option for inbound files, and the report type and contents for outbound files: API REST SFTP File upload			
	Entity to REGIS-TR	4 MB	250 MB	4 MB
	REGIS-TR to Entities	20 MB		e sizes will fluctuate with different tbound files are limited (paginated) to 500,000 records.



EMIR REFIT	Client Handbook (Draft) REGIS-TR
Business Data	The Business Data Header (head.003.001.01) has been defined as a draft by SWIFT. It is not
Header	registered by ISO 20022. This header is used as a wrapper of the BAH and the payload
	message, as shown:
	<xs:schema <="" td="" xmlns="urn:iso:std:iso:20022:tech:xsd:head.003.001.01"></xs:schema>
	xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified"
	targetNamespace="urn:iso:std:iso:20022:tech:xsd:head.003.001.01">
	<bizdata></bizdata>
	<hdr></hdr>
	(the BAH goes here)
	<pyid></pyid>
	(the payload message goes here)
Business	The Business Application Header (BAH) forms part of an ISO 20022 business message. It
Application Header (BAH)	contains both mandatory and optional information. Further information:
	ESMA's usage guidelines specify BAH version 1. The usage guidelines with schemas
	are available on the websites of ESMA and SWIFT's MyStandards.
	An overview of the BAH is here: https://www.iso20022.org/catalogue-
	messages/additional-content-messages/business-application-header-bah.
Environment	In outbound files sent from REGIS-TR, the business service <bizsvc> element in the BAH</bizsvc>
indicator in the	indicates the environment as follows:
ВАН	<bizsvc> Environment</bizsvc>
	EMIR REFIT_MBT MBT
	EMIR REFIT_PROD Production
	Example: <bizsvc>EMIR REFIT_PROD</bizsvc>
Inbound	This table shows the mandatory naming convention for files you send to REGIS-TR.
filename:	Insert the character "_" between each field of the filename.

Entities to REGIS-TR

- You may include one or more Action Types in the same file. **Examples:** New, Error.

Field	Format	Comment/Example
1 Account Code	12 alphanumeric characters	The composition of the account code is as follows: • four letters denoting jurisdiction and regulation (eudb)



			 + a letter denoting environment (m for UAT, p for Production) + seven alphanumeric characters Example: eudbpaa01000 	
	2 File type	8 alphanumeric characters	One of the following: • S030 (auth.030) • S108 (auth.108)	
	3 Date	YYYYMMDD	Date when the file is sent. (20240630)	
	4 Time	HHMMSS	Time when the file is in UTC. (103000)	
	5 Sequence number	4 alphanumeric characters	Sequence number to identify the order of the files with the same name (0001, 0002)	
	6 Optional ID (Optional)	Up to 50 alphanumeric characters	Optional info added by a client	
	7 File extension	4 alphanumeric characters	".xml"	
	Example: eudpcc12000_S030_20240915_100000_0001_TEST.xml			
Batch submissions	When you send multiple files to REGIS-TR at the same time, the files are processed in the order they have been received by REGIS-TR.			
Outbound filename: REGIS-TR to	Files sent to you from REGIS-TR have the following naming convention, with an underscore "_" separating each pair of adjacent fields:			
client	Field	Format	Comment/Example	
	1 Account Code	12 alphanumeric characters	The composition of the account code is as follows: • four letters denoting jurisdiction and regulation (eudb) • + a letter denoting environment (m for UAT, p for Production) • + seven alphanumeric characters Example: eudbpaa01000	
	2 File type	8 alphanumeric characters	One of the following: D030 (auth.030) D108 (auth.108) D107 (auth.107) D109 (auth.109)	



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				 D092 (auth.092) I092 (auth.092) D091 (auth.091) I091 (auth.091) D106 (auth.106)
	3	As of date	YYYYMMDD	Date of the reporting session to which the file corresponds. Example: D030 as of day D is usually delivered on T+1 by 06:00 UTC
	5	Sequence number	4 alphanumeric characters	Sequence number to identify the order of the files with the same name (0001, 0002)
	6	Optional ID (Optional)	Up to 50 alphanumeric characters	Optional info added by a client
	7	File extension	4 alphanumeric characters	".xml"
	Ex	ample: eudpcc34	000_S092_20240915_10	0000_0001_TEST.xml
Transport methods	4	 API REST SFTP EMIR Dashboard Irther information: Conference	nectivity Options.	



CONNECTIVITY OPTIONS

Introduction	1. REGIS-	TR provides manual and automated connectivity options for:		
	the submission of derivative reports and updates, and			
	 the reception of status messages, reports and other communications from REGIS- 			
	TR.			
	2. You are asked to specify these options when setting up your account. Note: These			
	options	s can be modified at a later point, if required.		
	3. You ha	ve access to all reports and communications from REGIS-TR via your EMIR		
	Dashbo	pard, regardless of the method chosen for the upload of derivative reports.		
Manual	If you are re	porting on a small number of transactions or positions, it may be more		
upload/download	efficient to <u>u</u>	pload reports manually via secure internet access in your EMIR Dashboard.		
	Note: This m	nethod can also be used as a contingency measure in the event of an issue		
	with an auto	mated file transfer.		
CSV to XML	If you are re	porting on a small number of derivatives, it may be suitable for you to include		
conversion	your derivatives in a CSV file, use the CSV to XML converter tool in the EMIR Dashboar			
	validate the outcome, and then use the XML for reporting.			
Automated file	REGIS-TR off	ers two options for secure and automated file transfer and communications		
transfer options	between the client and the TR. A client may combine the manual connectivity of the EMIR			
	REFIT Dashboard with one of the automated connectivity options:			
	API	Platform-independent Internet service based on the open standards JSON,		
		HTTPS and REST.		
	SFTP	Secure file transfer protocol over Internet connection.		
		Secured with public key cryptography.		
Response	REGIS-TR returns an ISO 20022 acknowledgement in response to each uploaded file.			
messages	For other feedback, see <u>Reporting to Clients</u> .			
This section	1. API			
covers:	2. SFTP			
	3. EMIR R	EFIT Dashboard		

API

This section	1. Introduction
covers:	2. Access to the API



- 3. REGIS-TR API endpoints
- 4. API endpoints: best practice
- 5. API error codes.

Introduction

API RESTFUL	 The API Service enables interoperable machine-to-machine communications using the open standards JSON, HTTPS, REST. The use of these standards on a services platform enables client and service applications to communicate via multiple platforms and development languages. 		
API	API Description Language Describes the external interface of the service. Participants may request a Swagger file for the EMIR REFIT service to REGIS-TR EMIR Support team. Note: There is one Swagger file for each environment (UAT and Production).		
Migrating to API REST	REGIS-TR will discontinue the legacy SOAP API service in benefit of API REST, which provides developers worldwide more control on the API with less effort. The change from SOAP API to API REST implies: 1. New endpoints 2. New authentication server 3. New message structures		
EndPoints	 Use the following URLs to open a connection: UAT environment: https://api-preprod.np.six-group.com/regis-tr/file-processing/v1 Production environment: https://api.six-group.com/regis-tr/file-processing/v1 		
Test connectivity to EndPoint	Users may verify the access to the URLs using a CURL: Curl -v -k https://api-preprod.np.six-group.com/regis-tr/file-processing/v1 Note: Machine-to-machine communication requires a technical user, for which credentials are necessary. Without them, it is possible to verify the connectivity, with a return error code 403 (Unauthorized)		
Registration and access credentials	If you plan to use the new API service, please contact REGIS-TR's Account Setup Team for system registration and access credentials. Notes:		



	 Client credentials for OAuth2 will be provided by REGIS-TR's <u>Account Setup Team</u> Endpoints for OAuth token are part of our critical infrastructure The values of the EndPoints and the credentials are different for UAT and Production
Requesting token	You may use the following URLs to get your new access token: UAT environment: https://wes-idp.six-group.com/apigw/oauth/token Production environment: https://wes-idp.six-group.com/apigw/oauth/token
Client generation	Customers migrating from SOAP to REST may generate their new clients using Open API: Home - OpenAPI Initiative (openapis.org) Note: Further information can be found in the document: regis.tr.file-processing.openapi.yaml available in the EMIR Dashboard

Endpoints

Introduction	This section sets out the methods used in the REGIS-TR API REST Service. The following methods enable clients to exchange reporting messages with REGIS-TR: 1. Send file 2. Search ingestions 3. Retrieve file 4. Retrieve results	
Definitions	Client ID Client Secret	Public client ID associated to a REGIS-TR customer Private pass code to get a token
Send XML file	To submit an S030 or S108 file with derivative records. Syntax: POST /regis-tr/file-processing/v1/submit-files The body should contains a form-multipart with the file submitted. Further information can be found in the Swagger file available in the EMIR Dashboard. Returns: 202 Accepted	
Retrieve ingestions produced in the system	Files submitted generate ingestion objects that contain all the information associated to the file, results and status. Syntax: GET /regis-tr/file-processing/v1/ingestions	



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	The operation supports query for: - Filter filename - Filter sessionDate - Filter filetype Returns: 200 OK + List of paginated ingestions
Retrieve file content by ID	Ingestions reference is the unique identifier to access a given file submitted to REGIS-TR. Files can be downloaded in the endpoint: Syntax: GET /regis-tr/file-processing/v1/ingestions/{ingestionId}/input-file/file-content Returns: 200 OK + File in binary format.
Retrieve result of the ingestion process	Submitting entities may download the outcome of the ingestion processing. Syntax: GET /regis-tr/file-processing/v1/result-file/{resultFileId}/file-content Returns: 200 OK + File in binary format.

Authentication server

Introduction	Access to the APIs requires an OAuth authorization token. You can find further information			
	on security with OAuth at: <u>OAuth 2.0 — OAuth</u>			
	Contact REGIS-TR's Account Setup Team to obtain your client credentials. Once you receive			
	them, you can obtain your authorization token via HTTPs API			
	Important: Submitting entities must provide the token in the header 'Authorization' in all			
	communications to the API			
Request	POST /apigw/oauth/token HTTP/1.1			
	Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded			
	Authorization: Basic AA== {add <u>user:password</u> in base64}			
	User-Agent: PostmanRuntime/7.28.0			
	Accept: */*			
	Cache-Control: no-cache			
	Postman-Token: 540c5cee-b7a6-498e-8376-ccd5f55e586f			
	Host: wes-idp.six-group.com			
	Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br			



	Connection: keep-alive
Response	HTTP/1.1 200 OK Content-Type: application/json {"access_token":"{value}","token_type":"Bearer","expires_in":3600}

Best practices

Sending message files	Include as many messages as possible in each submission file. Reason: minimises the number of connections needed.
Retrieving files from REGIS-TR	The files submitted to the system should not exceed 4MB. Due to high demand support, the system protects itself by restricting the limit of the files submitted by API channel.
Connection frequency	Leave as much time as possible between connections. Reason: this minimises the number of checking and message retrieval connections.

Return codes

Codes and descriptions	Return code	Description
	2XX	Request accepted
	400	One or more search parameters incorrect. The request information fails in the validation of one or more parameters
	401	Unauthenticated call
	403	Unauthorized. The user does not have the proper privileges or the token is not valid anymore .
	404	It is not possible to find the information requested in the system
	500	Backend error in any layer

SFTP

Introduction	Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) is a secure network protocol for the transfer and
	management of files between remote systems.



This section	1. Security and configuration
covers:	2. Connecting to the server
	3. Server information

Security and configuration

Introduction	Access to the server is secured by the use of public keys.		
	• This section sets out the technical specifications to be followed during configuration.		
Public key	Entities may continue using their current public ssh keys for the EMIR REFIT UAT		
	environment. Important : Entities need to generate new public keys to send and retrieve		
	files in the EMIR REFIT Production environment.		
	Conditions:		
	RSA Key		
	Key length 3072 bits		
	Compatible with OpenSSH		
	Maximum 5 public keys per account.		
	, , ,		
Contact REGIS-	Contact REGIS-TR's <u>Account Setup Team</u> to request the setup of the connection. Note: You		
TR	will need to provide your public key(s) and IP addresses.		
Client server	The client configuration set out below is for the REGIS-TR Production and UAT		
configuration	environments.		
	Note: REGIS-TR does not support sha1 or md5 algorithms.		
	KexAlgorithms: (8)		
	o curve25519-sha256		
	o curve25519-sha256@libssh.org		
	o ecdh-sha2-nistp256		
	o ecdh-sha2-nistp384		
	o ecdh-sha2-nistp521		
	o diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256		
	o diffie-hellman-group16-sha512		
	o diffie-hellman-group18-sha512		
	• server_host_key_algorithms: (4)		
	o rsa-sha2-512		
	o rsa-sha2-256		
	o ecdsa-sha2-nistp256		
	o ssh-ed25519		



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•	encrypt	cion_algorithms: (3)	
	0	aes256-gcm@openssh.com	
	0	chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com	
	0	aes256-ctr	
•	mac_al	gorithms: (6)	
	0	hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com	
	0	umac-128-etm@openssh.com	
	0	hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com	
	0	hmac-sha2-256	
	0	umac-128@openssh.com	
•	hmac-s	ha2-512	

Connecting to the SFTP server

Introduction	This section sets out the details needed to connect to the SFTP server. It covers: 1. UAT environment
User numbers	One user only per environment.
UAT environment	Hostname: emir-mbt-resfa.np.regis-tr.com Port: 10022 Username: tf + account code. Example: tfeudbmaa01000. Note: Usernames shall always be written in lowercase.

Server information

Server folders	Name	Purpose	
	ToREGISTR	Put message files (client to REGIS-TR)	
	FromREGISTR	Get response files/reports (REGIS-TR to client)	
System security	1. A user (i.e. account) with an open connection must leave four minutes before opening a parallel connection from the same IP address.		
Security best practices	 Recover/send as many files as possible during each connection. Reason: you will need fewer connections. Close an open connection before opening a new one from the same IP address. 		



	 Use a temporary filename such as "upload.tmp" while uploading (put command) a file to REGIS-TR and rename it after the upload is completed. Do not leave connections open when not in use.
File store maintenance	Your reports from REGIS-TR remain in your file store for subsequent downloads. The last element of the file name, the retrieval indicator, will be 0 for files until the first download has been completed and 1 thereafter. When you no longer require a file to remain in the file store, you may remove it with the SFTP delete command.

EMIR Dashboard

Introduction	Your EMIR REFIT Dashboard can be used to manually upload and download files if: • You handle low volumes of transactions, or • You are experiencing problems with your automated connectivity option.
Prerequisites to upload files	Users with read and write permissions.
Upload procedure	 Use an up-to-date Internet browser to open the desired environment, see Log in to your EMIR Dashboard Select My reporting area > File Upload Select or drag and drop up to 20 files. Confirm submission
Download procedure	Please see <u>Viewing and retrieving reports</u> .



VALIDATION

Introduction	Validation is performed on: • Submitted derivatives message files, and lifecycle events. • Delegation files
Validation rules	For the full validation rules and error codes, refer to the applicable regulatory documents. You can find key information here: https://www.esma.europa.eu/data-reporting/emir-reporting
Timing	Your message files are processed by REGIS-TR in the order they are received, and records are processed in the same order they were recorded in each file. Files received at the exact same time are processing using the sequence indicated in the filename. Note: This is regardless of which connectivity method was used to submit them.

Validation process

	validation process
Report validation	REGIS-TR authenticates the sender and the account used to submit the report. If the authentication fails, the file is rejected, and the sender is notified. If the sender is
process	authenticated, the file passes to the next validation stage.
	2. REGIS-TR validates the file size and system availability. If the validation fails, the file is
	rejected, and the sender is notified. If the validation is successful, the file passes to the
	next validation stage.
	3. REGIS-TR validates the file name. If the validation fails, the file is rejected, and the
	sender is notified. If the validation is successful, the file is accepted and the file passes
	to the next validation stage.
	4. REGIS-TR validates the file against the relevant XML schemas. If the validation fails,
	the file is rejected as "CRPT (corrupted)", and the sender is notified. If the validation is
	successful, the file passes to the next validation stage.
	5. REGIS-TR validates the records in the message against permission, logical and
	business rules.
	6. When the validation of all the records in one file is complete, REGIS-TR generates an
	Immediate rejection feedback message containing the validation results. This
	feedback includes all errors encountered and the Xpath where they are identified.
	This is sent within an hour of receiving the message file.
	Notes:
	All the rejections will be notified with the Immediate Rejection Feedback message
	through auth.092 in less than 60 minutes.



- When a record fails permission validation, it is rejected without further validation.
- A file may have accepted status even if all records have failed the validations.

REPORTING TO CLIENTS

Introduction

Introduction	This section describes the Outbound reports sent to you by REGIS-TR (REGIS-TR to Entities)
Report types	Intraday: Sent in response to an inbound file, validation, and reconciliation. End of day: Sent at the end of the day's reporting session.
Receiving reports	 Outbound reports are sent from REGIS-TR to Entities through the connectivity channel selected when your account was set up. These reports are also displayed for a period in the <i>My Reports > Standard reports</i> section in your EMIR Dashboard. The length of availability depends on the report. Note: Reports from the past 12 months can be retrieved in this section of your EMIR Dashboard.
Reports produced over 12 months ago	These can be retrieved by request to REGIS-TR.
Access to reports after account has been closed	These can be retrieved by request to REGIS-TR. The report will be provided after the requisite identification checks.

Report/feedback cycle

Introduction	The table below shows when Outbound reports are sent. (REGIS-TR to Entities)			
Action	Event date (ED)	Reporting date (RD)	Details	
On day T Entity A and Entity B conclude derivative contract with UTI 123	Т			
A reports its leg A-B-UTI123	Т	Т	Entity A reports its leg on the event date	



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Validation of message file and lifecycle records		Т	REGIS-TR provides the derivative message file validation within 60 minutes after submission
REGIS-TR generates end of period reports		T+1, by 06:00 UTC	 Trade Activity Reports: if accepted, A-B-123 is included in TAR Rejection feedback: if rejected, A-B-123 will be included in RJC Warning reports: if contains abnormal values, A-B-123 will be included in WRN
		T+1, by 06:00 UTC	 Trade State reports: A-B-123 will not be included in TSR because the following rule is not met: Generation date <= ED + 2 Warning reports: The report will not include missing valuation or missing collaterals on A-B-123 because the following rule is not met Generation date >= ED + 2
		T+1,by 01:00 UTC (Immediate) T+1, by 06:00 UTC (EoD)	 Reconciliation reports: A-B-123 will not be included because the following rule is not met: Generation date >= ED + 3
B reports its leg B-A-UTI123	Т	T+1	Entity B reports its leg one day after the event date
Validation of message file and lifecycle records		Т	REGIS-TR provides the derivative message file validation within 60 minutes after submission
REGIS-TR generates end of period reports		T+2, by 06:00 UTC	 Trade Activity Reports: if accepted, B-A-123 is included in TAR Rejection feedback: if rejected, B-A-123 is included in RJC Warning reports: if contains abnormal values, B-A-123 will be included in WRN
		T+2, by 06:00 UTC	 Trade State reports: A-B-123 and B-A-123 are included in TSR because Generation date >= ED + 2



	 Generation date >= RD + 1 Warning reports: Missing valuation or missing margins associated to reports A-B-123 and B-A-123 are included in WRN because: Generation date >= ED + 2 Generation date >= RD + 1
T+2, by 06:00 UTC (Immediate) T+2, by 06:00 UTC (EoD)	 Reconciliation reports: A-B-123 are not included because the following rule is not met: Generation date >= ED + 3

Intraday reports

Intraday reports					
Introduction		These automatically generated reports are sent in response to a derivative submission, validation or other process. These are:			
		1. Message accepted			
		2. Message rejected.			
	Re	ports generated by RI	EGIS-TR in response to	entities are named as per the following naming	
	со	nvention:			
	Or	iginalAccountCode_Ori	ginalFileType_OriginalS	essionDate_OriginalSequenceNumber_	
	Or	iginalOptionalID_Respo	onseFileType.FileExtensio	on	
Availability		 Available in the connectivity channel used for reporting Available for 12 months <i>Reporting dashboard</i> page in your EMIR REFIT Dashboard. 			
File name		Item	Format	Comment/Example	
convention	1	Original Account Code	12 alphanumeric characters	 The composition of the account code is: four letters denoting jurisdiction and regulation (eudb) + a letter denoting environment (m for UAT, p for Production) + seven alphanumeric characters Example: eudbpaa01000 	
	2	Original File type	4 alphanumeric characters	One of the following: \$030 Intraday - Daily activity report	



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				S108 Intraday - Margin daily activity report
	3	Original Session date	YYYYMMDD	Date of the reporting session to which the file corresponds. Example: 20240915
	4	Original Time	HHMMSS	Time when the file is generated. Is set in UTC time. (103000)
	5	Original Sequence number	alphanumeric characters	Sequence number to identify the order of the files with the same name (0001, 0002)
	6	Original Optional ID (Optional)	Up to 50 alphanumeric characters, special characters allowed	Optional information or reference added by a client Example: "TEST"
	7	Response File Type	4 alphanumeric characters	One of the following: 1092 Immediate rejection feedback 1091 Immediate reconciliation report
	8	File extension	3 alphanumeric characters	.xml
	9	File repetition	1 num. character	Number of files generated with the same file name.
Rejection reason example	OriginalAccountCode_OriginalFileType_OriginalSessionDate_OriginalSequenceNumber_ OriginalOptionalID_ResponseFileType.FileExtension eudbpaa01000_S030_20240915_103000_0001_OptionalRef.I092.1.xml			

1092 - Immediate Rejection Feedback

Purpose

- 1. Provides the validation status in two levels:
 - the auth.030 or auth.108 message file submitted, and
 - the individual derivative records in the file
- 2. When the message file is rejected, the Immediate Rejection Feedback provides error feedback to the extent technically possible.
- 3. When a derivative report has been rejected, the Immediate rejection feedback provides information on the error.

Note: This feedback may not be sent if your upload channel rejects the message file owing to failure of sender authentication. In this case, rejection notification would come from the authentication process in the connectivity channel.



	a SIX company					
Time sent	Within 60	Within 60 minutes of message file receipt.				
ISO message	auth.092					
Format	XML					
Status codes	Code	Name	(M)essage status or (R)ecord status	Further information		
	ACPT	Accepted	M, R	The file or record has been accepted.		
	CRPT	Corrupted File	М	Schema validation results in an error.		
	INCF	Incorrect Filename	М	File name validator results in error.		
	NAUT	Not authorised	M, R	Entity is not authorised to report the file or record.		
	RJCT	Rejected	M, R	File or record has been rejected.		
	WARN	Warning	M, R	Not controlled errors		
Distribution	File and	File and record level statuses are returned to the Report Submitting Entity.				

End of day reports

Introduction	These automatically generated reports are sent after the close of the daily reporting session. Reports generated by REGIS-TR to entities will named as per the following naming convention: AccountCode_FileType_SessionDate_SequenceNumber_OptionalID.FileExtension				
Availability	 Available in your preferred connectivity channel(s) Available for twelve months in the My Reports page in your EMIR Dashboard. After that period, you can create an ad-hoc report with the content of such file 				
File name convention	Item 1 Account Code		Format 12 alphanumeric	Comment/Example The composition of the account code	
			characters	 is: four letters denoting jurisdiction and regulation (eudb) + a letter denoting environment (m for UAT, p for Production) 	



		I	I	a SIX company
				• + seven alphanumeric characters Example: eudbpaa01000
	2	File type	4 alphanumeric characters	One of the following: S030 Daily activity report S108 Margin activity report S106 Warnings report S107 Trade state report S109 Margin state report Immediate reconciliation report S091 Reconciliation report S092 Rejection report
	3	Generation timestamp	YYYYMMDDHHMMSS	Date of the reporting session to which the file corresponds. Example: 20240915103000
	4	File order	4 numeric characters	End of day reports are split in files with up to 500,000 records. File order indicates the sequence of the file partition.
	7	File extension	3 alphanumeric characters	".xml"
Rejection reason example		countCode_FileType_Sess	·	ber_OptionalID.FileExtension

Viewing and retrieving reports

Introduction	Use the <i>My Reports</i> section on the EMIR Dashboard to search for, view and export all reports made available on your EMIR Dashboard in the last 12 months. Note: Your reports are available here regardless of the channel used to upload them.
Options	The My Reports section has three options:
	1. Immediate feedback: Search and retrieve for immediate rejection feedback reports.
	2. Standard reports: Search and view standard reports submitted in the last 12 months
	3. Customized reports:
	Retrieve customized ad-hoc reports generated from My settings > Ad-hoc reports
	Retrieve outcome reports from data searches queried from Search my data section
	and results over 5,000 records



S030 and S108 – Daily activity reports

Purpose	Provides details of all accepted derivatives submitted on the day of the report from: The Participant's reporting account and/or The reporting account(s) of any entity delegated by the Participant
Time sent	Sent at the end of every reporting session, based on TARGET 2 calendar, and no later than 06:00 UTC on the following day.
ISO message	 Trade Activity reports: auth.030 Margin Activity reports: auth.108
Format	XML
Content	The report contains details submitted in each accepted derivative. The report includes the details submitted on the previous reporting session.
Distribution	Reconciliation reports are made available to account holders when the account LEI code is populated as: Reporting Counterparty Entity Responsible for the Report Report Submitting Entity Third parties duly authorized by the Reporting Counterparty or the Entity Responsible for the Report

S107 and S109 – State reports

Purpose	 Provides the latest state information for all the entities' reports. Trade State reports include the latest state of derivatives (Table 1 and Table 2) Margin State reports include the latest state of margins (Table 3)
Time sent	Sent at the end of every reporting session, based on TARGET 2 calendar, and no later than 06:00 UTC on the following day.
ISO message	 Trade Activity reports: auth.107 Margin Activity reports: auth.109
Format	XML
Content	The Trade State report contains the latest state of outstanding derivatives, that have not expired or been subject to action type 'POSC', 'TERM' or 'EROR', unless they are revived, with the following time conditions:



- Reporting date up to the end of the latest reporting session
- Event date up to the day preceding the latest reporting session

The **Margin State report** contains the latest state of margins associated to outstanding derivatives, that have not expired or been subject to action type 'POSC', 'TERM' or 'EROR', unless they are revived, with the following time conditions:

- Reporting date up to the end of the latest reporting session
- Event date up to the day preceding the latest reporting session

Note: Margin State reports include one margin record per each outstanding derivative associated to such margins, i.e., one margin report submitted on a portfolio basis, where the portfolio is associated to *n* outstanding derivative contracts is displayed *n* times in the margin state report.

Distribution

Reconciliation reports are made available to account holders when the account LEI code is populated as:

- Reporting Counterparty
- Entity Responsible for the Report
- Report Submitting Entity
- Third parties duly authorized by the Reporting Counterparty or the Entity Responsible for the Report

S092 - Rejection reports

Purpose	 Provides details of all rejected derivatives sub Number of files received, accepted, reject Number of records (trade or margin) rece For rejected records: UTI and rejection en 	ed ived, accepted, rejected
Time sent	Sent at the end of every reporting session, ba 06:00 UTC on the following day.	sed on TARGET 2 calendar, and no later than
ISO message	auth.092	
Format	XML	
Content	Field	Details provided
	Number of files received	Numeric value
	Number of files accepted	Numeric value
	Number of files rejected	Numeric value



File identification	Textual value
• Rejection reason	Error code
• Rejection reason	Error description
Number of records received	Numeric value
Number of records accepted	Numeric value
Number of records rejected	Numeric value
• Identification of the record	Dataset
• Rejection reason	Error code
Rejection description	Error description
Reconciliation reports are made available to a	ccount holders when the account LEI code is
populated as:	
Reporting Counterparty	
Entity Responsible for the Report	
Report Submitting Entity	
Third parties duly authorized by the Rep	orting Counterparty or the Entity Responsible
for the Report	
	Rejection reason Number of records received Number of records accepted Number of records rejected Identification of the record Rejection reason Rejection description Reconciliation reports are made available to a populated as: Reporting Counterparty Entity Responsible for the Report Report Submitting Entity Third parties duly authorized by the Rep

S106 – Warnings reports

Purpose	 Provides details of derivatives where: Valuation update was not submitted or was not updated in the previous 14 days Margin update was not submitted or was not updated in the previous 14 days Lifecycle events reported with outlier information on the notional fields
Time sent	Sent at the end of every reporting session, based on TARGET 2 calendar, and no later than 06:00 UTC on the following day.
ISO message	auth.106
Format	XML
Content	 The missing valuations section of the report lists the outstanding derivatives for which: Field 2.21 Valuation amount was never reported, or The difference between the report generation 'as of date' and the date part of field 2.23 Valuation timestamp is 14 days or more Note: This report excludes derivatives where Field 1.5 Nature of counterparty 1 = N and field 1.7 Clearing obligation of counterparty 1 = False



The missing collateral section of the report lists the outstanding derivatives for which:

- Action type 'MARU' was never reported for such UTI
- The difference between the report generation 'as of date' and the date part of field 3.7 Collateral timestamp is 14 days or more

Note: This report is generated always at UTI level, even if margins are submitted at portfolio level, and excludes derivatives where field 3.11 Collateralization category = UNCL.

The **outliers** section of the report provide information on lifecycle events submitted over outstanding or non-outstanding derivatives with action type 'NEWT', 'POSC', 'MODI', 'CORR' whose notional amount is greater than the threshold for that class of derivative. Fields used to identify abnormal values are:

- 2.55 Notional amount of leg 1
- 2.59 Notional amount in effect on associated effective date of leg 1
- 2.60 Notional quantity of leg 1
- 2.63 Notional quantity in effect on associated effective date of leg 1
- 2.64 Notional amount of leg 2
- 2.68 Notional amount in effect on associated effective date of leg 2
- 2.69 Notional quantity of leg 2
- 2.72 Notional quantity in effect on associated effective date of leg 2

Note: Thresholds are defined as three times the standard deviation for every category.

Distribution

Reconciliation reports are made available to account holders when the account LEI code is populated as:

- Reporting Counterparty
- Entity Responsible for the Report
- Report Submitting Entity
- Third parties duly authorized by the Reporting Counterparty or the Entity Responsible for the Report

I091 - EoD Immediate Reconciliation Report

Purpose	1. Provides the reconciliation status of the records sent to the last reconciliation session.
	2. Provides the reconciliation statistics of the last reconciliation session.
	3. Provides the mismatching fields identified during the last reconciliation process.
Time sent	Sent every working day, based on TARGET 2 calendar, within an hour of the conclusion of the reconciliation process and by 00:59:59 UTC on the day following the reconciliation session.



ISO message	auth.091
Format	XML
Report type	Delta. Contains the latest reconciliation status, statistics and mismatching fields identified/calculated during the last reconciliation session.
Content	 Summary information, numbers of derivatives per reconciliation status Breakdown for derivatives that have been subject to the reconciliation process: a. References and relevant party IDs b. Reconciliation status, either a no reconciliation required indicator, or:
Distribution	Reconciliation reports are made available to account holders when the account LEI code is populated as: Reporting Counterparty Entity Responsible for the Report Report Submitting Entity Third parties duly authorized by the Reporting Counterparty or the Entity Responsible for the Report

S091 - Reconciliation Report

Purpose	1. Provides the reconciliation status of the records that are outstanding or became non-
	outstanding in the previous 30 days.
	2. Provides the reconciliation statistics of the records that are outstanding or became non-
	outstanding in the previous 30 days.
	3. Provides the mismatching fields identified during the last reconciliation process.
Time sent	Sent at the end of every reporting session, based on TARGET 2 calendar, and no later than
	06:00 UTC on the following day.
ISO message	auth.091
Format	XML



Report type	Contains the reconciliation status, statistics and mismatching fields calculated/identified up to the last reconciliation session.
Content	 Summary information, numbers of derivatives per reconciliation status Breakdown for derivatives that have been subject to the reconciliation process: a. References and relevant party IDs b. Reconciliation status, either a no reconciliation required indicator, or:
Distribution	Reconciliation reports are made available to account holders when the account LEI code is populated as: Reporting Counterparty Entity Responsible for the Report Report Submitting Entity Third parties duly authorized by the Reporting Counterparty or the Entity Responsible for the Report

Pre-alleged Report

Purpose	Provides entities with the details reported by counterparties against them
Time sent	As per the configuration in the customized reports section.
ISO message	auth.107
Format	XML
Content	Provides entities with the latest state of derivatives in which they are identified as 'Counterparty 2'. Note: Derivatives are included in the pre-alleged reports only after the Counterparty 1 or the Entity Responsible for Reporting agree to share their derivatives with all their 'Counterparty 2'
Distribution	Pre-alleged reports are made available to account holders when the account LEI code is populated as:



• Counterparty 2

Alleged Report

Purpose	Provides entities with triplets of the derivatives that have been unpaired with them after the reconciliation process. Note: This report provides information on missing reports where the account holder may have omitted or an incorrect identification of the other counterparty value in the other's side report.
Time sent	As per the configuration in the customized reports section.
ISO message	N/A
Format	CSV
Content	List of derivatives, identified by their triplet: Counterparty 1 – Counterparty 2 – UTI
Distribution	Pre-alleged reports are made available to account holders when the account LEI code is populated as: • Counterparty 2

RECONCILIATION

This section	1. Introduction	
covers:	2. Reconciliation Processes	
	3. Reconciliation statuses	

Introduction

Definition	Reconciliation is the process of comparing the values in both sides of a derivative contract. The second side of the derivative contract may have been reported to the same TR as the first side, or it may have been reported to another TR.
Processing sequence	Derivative records are sent for reconciliation on day 'T' if their latest reporting date is equal to or prior to 'T-1', and the event date is equal to or prior to 'T-2'. This process is followed regardless of the connectivity method used to upload your message files.
Timing	The reconciliation process runs on every business day according to TARGET2 calendar and is completed by 23:59:59 UTC.



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	2. A derivative record enters the reconciliation process if it is considered eligible and:
	a. It was reported the day before the reconciliation session, or earlier
	b. Its event date is two days before the reconciliation session, or earlier
	3. A derivative record first enters the internal (Intra-TR) reconciliation process to find the
	other side internally in REGIS-TR. If the other side of the derivative is not found, the
	derivative record enters the external (Inter-TR) reconciliation process on the same
	working day.
	4. Clients receive the reconciliation results advice after the conclusion of each applicable
	reconciliation process.
Reconcilable	Derivative records are sent for reconciliation when the following conditions are met:
derivative	
records	The record was reported the day preceding the reconciliation session or before. The record has a session of two days preceding the reconciliation session or before.
	The record has an event date of two days preceding the reconciliation session or
	before.
	Counterparty 1 has reporting obligation, i.e. it is a counterparty established in the EU
	or an AIF, whose AIFM is established in the EU, based on the GLEIF.
	Counterparty 2 has reporting obligation as the field 1.14 'Reporting obligation of the
	counterparty 2' is populated with 'True'.
	The derivative has not been subject to a report with action type 'EROR', unless it has
	been followed by a report with action type 'REVI'.
	The derivative is outstanding, as referred to in Article 2(2)(a) and 2(2)(b) of the ITS on
	reporting, or it has been outstanding in the last thirty calendar days.
Non-	A derivative record is not sent for reconciliation if:
reconcilable	It did not pass all business validations successfully.
derivatives	A counterparty does not have a reporting obligation under EMIR.
	It is a margin update.
	It has been terminated with an action type EROR.
	It expired (early terminated or matured) 30 calendar days or more ago.
	It is already reconciled with no subsequent update or amendment reported by neither
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Reconciliation Processes

of the counterparties.

Introduction	After confirming that the derivative is valid and reconcilable, there are two types of	
	reconciliation process:	



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	Intra-TR reconciliation: REGIS-TR has both sides of the transaction and can reconcile it in-house.
	Inter-TR reconciliation: REGIS-TR has only one side of the transaction and takes these steps during the following day:
	 Pairing request: REGIS-TR requests the other TRs to locate the second side of the derivative contract.
	 Matching: Each TR compares the values reported in both sides and reconciles. Note: The reconciliation process is concluded by 23:59:59 UTC
	,
Intra-TR reconciliation	 REGIS-TR attempts to locate the second side of derivative records in REGIS-TR's own trade repository.
process	2. If a pair is found:
	a. REGIS-TR compares the reported values of the two sides, and
	b. Notifies the counterparties of the reconciliation results.
	3. Once paired, when one or both sides are subsequently amended (modified, corrected,
	updated, revived), REGIS-TR re-executes step 2.
Inter-TR reconciliation:	1. REGIS-TR contacts the rest of TRs with a pairing request message (auth.078). This
pairing	message includes all derivatives that:
3	Are eligible for reconciliation
	Are unpaired
	2. To identify the second side of the reconciled derivative, the pairing request message
	contains the values for the following fields:
	Unique Transaction Identifier
	Counterparty 1 (Reporting Counterparty)
	Counterparty 2 (Other Counterparty)
	3. Where another TR reports that it holds the second side of the derivative:
	The pairing status of both sides are set to <i>Paired</i> , and
	The two TRs attempt to match their respective sides. See below
	4. If the side is not found at another TR:
	The status remains <i>Unpaired</i> , and
	The TRs repeat the Inter-TR pairing process until the second side is found or after
	the derivative becomes non-eligible for reconciliation, e.g., 30 days after it
	becomes non-outstanding.
Inter-TR	Once the derivative has been paired, the two TRs attempt to match it.
reconciliation:	The two TRs exchange the Trade Data Details messages (auth.107). These messages
matching	contain the values for all the <u>reconcilable fields defined by ESMA</u>



- 2. If the values can be matched within the stated tolerances:
 - The derivative can be reconciled, and
 - The counterparties are notified of the reconciliation status
- 3. If the matching is unsuccessful, the counterparty should:
 - Review the information in its side of the derivative
 - If necessary, confirm the data with the other counterparty, and
 - If necessary, submit a modification (one or both counterparties)
- 4. The two TRs repeat the matching process every time they receive a subsequent amendment, as long as both sides of the contract remain eligible for reconciliation.

Note: when matching the data of the two sides, the TRs use snapshots of their respective side as of the end of the previous day.

Iterating the reconciliation process

- The pairing and matching processes are repeated every working day according to the TARGET2 calendar.
- All reconciliation processes must be concluded by 23:59:59 UTC
- A derivative record remains in scope of the reconciliation process until it is expired (terminated or matured) for more than 30 calendar days, or it is errored.

Reconciliation statuses

Introduction

Following the conclusion of the reconciliation process, TRs notify the outcome of the process by indicating:

- Whether both counterparties have reporting requirement
- Whether both sides have been reported to REGIS-TR (Dual-sided) or not (Single-sided)
- Whether the derivative has been paired
- Whether the derivative has been reconciled
- Whether the valuation has been reconciled

Reconciliation statuses

[DPRW] – Dual Sided EEA Partially Reconciled No Valuation Reconciliation	Trade repository has both sides of the trade reported but fields are not valuation reconciled.
[DPRV] - Dual Sided EEA Partially Reconciled Valuation Reconciliation Only	Trade repository has both sides of the trade reported but fields are valuation reconciled only.
[DSMA] - Dual Sided Matched	Trade repository has both sides of the trade reported and all fields match.
[DSNM] - Dual Sided Non Matched	Trade repository has both sides of the trade reported but not all fields match.



	a SIX company
[NORE] - Not Submitted To	Trade was not required to be submitted for reconciliation.
Reconciliation	NOTE: This status is assigned when the reporting counterparty
	(CP1) is not eligible.
[SSMA] - Single Sided EEA	Trade repository has one side of the trade, knows which trade
Matched	repository holds the other side of the trade, has already performed
	the comparison of the reports, and the result has been successful
	according to the specification of the inter-TR reconciliation process.
[SSPA] - Single Sided EEA Paired	Trade repository has one side of the trade, knows which trade
	repository holds the other side of the trade, and either has already
	performed comparison of the reports, or is in the process of doing
	so.
[SPRW] - Single Sided EEA	Trade repository has one side of the trade, knows which trade
Partially Reconciled No	repository holds the other side of the trade, has already performed
Valuation Reconciliation	the comparison of the reports, but fields are not valuation
	reconciled.
[SPRV] - Single Sided EEA	Trade repository has one side of the trade, knows which trade
Partially Reconciled Valuation	repository holds the other side of the trade, has already performed
Reconciliation Only	the comparison of the reports, but fields are valuation reconciled
	only.
[SSUN] - Single Sided EEA	Trade repository has one side of the trade, knows that the other
Unpaired	side is EEA counterparty and does not know which TR holds the
	other side of the trade.
[SSNE] - Single Sided Non EEA	Trade repository has one side of the trade and knows that the other
	side does not have a reporting obligation.
	Note : This status is assigned when the other counterparty (CP2) is
	not eligible, including the scenarios where both counterparties are
	EEA but the other counterparty has no reporting obligation. i.e. an
	EEA Bank dealing with an EEA Central Bank or Public Body.



Mapping	auth.107			auth.09	91	
between reconciliation outcome and statuses		Reporting requirement for both counterparties	Reporting type	Pairing	Reconciliation	Valuation reconciliation
	[DPRW]	Yes	Dual-sided	Paired	Reconciled	Not reconciled
	[DPRV]	Yes	Dual-sided	Paired	Reconciled	Not reconciled
	[DSMA]	Yes	Dual-sided	Paired	Reconciled	Reconciled or Not applicable
	[DSNM]	Yes	Dual-sided	Paired	Not reconciled	Not reconciled or Not applicable
	[NORE]	No				
	[SSMA]	Yes	Single-sided	Paired	Reconciled	Reconciled or Not applicable
	[SSPA]	Yes	Single-sided	Paired	Not reconciled	Not reconciled or Not applicable
	[SPRW]	Yes	Single-sided	Paired	Reconciled	Not reconciled
	[SPRV]	Yes	Single-sided	Paired	Not reconciled	Reconciled or Not applicable
	[SSUN]	Yes	Single-sided	Unpaired	Not reconciled	Not reconciled or Not applicable
	[SSNE]	No				

CSV to XML converter

Introduction

Introduction	This section describes the CSV to XML converter tool that can be used to map data to an ISO20022 reporting file
Conversion	1. Download the CSV template from <i>Documents & Support</i> section in the EMIR Dashboard
process	2. Fill in the CSV template with your derivatives or margin data
	3. Upload your CSV to <i>My reporting area > Conversion to ISO</i> section
	4. Download the XML file generated in return, and validate the completeness and
	accuracy of its content
	5. Once correct, select file to be uploaded and click on 'Submit xml for reporting'
	Note : CSV to XML converter shall only be considered as a tool to facilitate the mapping of
	data into ISO 20022 files. Submitting entities are responsible for verifying that the data
	contained in the ISO20022 file correct, complete, and accurate before its submission



File structure and submission

	T		
Format	Files are uploaded in CSV format and converted to ISO 20022 XML.		
File structure	Files are exchanged with REGIS-TR in files containing: a. Column headings, followed by b. One line per lifecycle event Note: The files must not compressed using ZIP or other algorithms.		
Maximum file sizes	Entities may submit up to 20 CSV files at a time, each of them restricted to a maximum file size of 4MB		
Validations	REGIS-TR validates the correctness of the CSV file in two steps before completing the conversion to ISO20022: 1. Validates that the format of the file and that the file can be converted. In case of error, the complete file is rejected and the errors are displayed with code 'CSVF' 2. Validates that the ISO20022 file converted can be parsed against the schema. In case of error, the complete file is rejected and the errors are displayed with the code 'SCHEMAF'		



Inbound filename

- This table shows the mandatory naming convention for CSVfiles you upload to REGIS-
- Insert the character "_" between each field of the filename.
- You may include one or more Action Types in the same file. **Examples:** New, Error.

	You may include one or more Action Types in the same file. Examples: New, Error.					
	Field	Format	Comment/Example			
	1 Account Code	12 alphanumeric characters	The composition of the account code is as follows: • four letters denoting jurisdiction and regulation (eudb) • + a letter denoting environment (m for UAT, p for Production) • + seven alphanumeric characters Example: eudbpaa01000			
	2 File type	4 alphanumeric characters	One of the following: • S030 (auth.030) • S108 (auth.108)			
	3 Date	YYYYMMDD	Date when the file is sent. (20240630)			
	4 Time	HHMMSS	Time when the file is in UTC. (103000)			
	5 Sequence number	4 alphanumeric characters	Sequence number to identify the order of the files with the same name (0001, 0002)			
	6 Optional ID (Optional)	Up to 50 alphanumeric characters	Optional info added by a client			
	7 File extension	4 alphanumeric characters	".CSV"			
	Example: eudpcc12000_S030_20240915_100000_0001_TEST.csv					
Batch submissions		ou send multiple files to REGIS-TR at the same time, the files are converted in the ney have been received by REGIS-TR.				
Outbound filename: REGIS-TR to	Files sent to you from REGIS-TR have the following naming convention, with an underscore "_" separating each pair of adjacent fields:					
client	Field	Format	Comment/Example			
	1 Account Code	12 alphanumeric characters	The composition of the account code is as follows:			



			 four letters denoting jurisdiction and regulation (eudb) + a letter denoting environment (m for UAT, p for Production) + seven alphanumeric characters Example: eudbpaa01000
2	File type	8 alphanumeric characters	One of the following: • S030 (auth.030) • S108 (auth.108) • CSVF (rejections on initial validation) • SCHEMAF (schema errors)
3	As of date	YYYYMMDD	Date of the reporting session to which the file corresponds.
5	Sequence number	4 alphanumeric characters	Sequence number to identify the order of the files with the same name (0001, 0002)
6	Optional ID (Optional)	Up to 50 alphanumeric characters	Optional info added by a client
7	File extension	4 alphanumeric characters	".xml" for converted files or ".csv" for rejection feedback
Example: eudpcc34000_S092_20240915_100000_0001_TEST.xml eudpcc34000_SCHEMAF_20240915_100000_0001_TEST.csv			



ACCOUNT SETUP SERVICES

Introduction

Onboarding and account setup	1. There are two stages to the creation of accounts for new clients:
	a. Onboarding: the entity or institution applies to open an account and provides
	legal and contractual information.
	b. Account setup: this is the technical setup of the account, which can be done after
	the entity has become a REGIS-TR client.
	2. Clients reporting to REGIS-TR under EMIR reporting are invited to download the
	onboarding documents from REGIS-TR's website under Key documents
	Note: Before EMIR REFIT go-live, REGIS-TR will launch a new website to allow entities
	manage their onboarding and manage their accounts and users autonomously
Requesting an account	1. Clients and other entities can contact REGIS-TR by <u>phone</u> or <u>email</u> to request an
	account. Further information: see <u>Contacts</u> .
	2. The process of applying for a new account depends on whether the account is for the:
	UAT environment, for solution and other testing, or
	Production environment for the live reporting service. Note: Also provides access
	to the UAT environment.